Numb. 645

The Daily Gazetteer.

Monday, July 18. 1737.

To the Daily Gazetteer.

Upon the Noble Lord's Speech in Fog's Journal, *of* July *the 2d.*

SIR,

VERY much approve of your ſhewing all Civility and Decency to the Production of a Noble Lord, who, if I gueſs right at his Perſon, has, indeed, Parts and Merit: But that ſhould not hinder us from examining the Truth of what he ſays. And tho' my Lords the Biſhops, and other Learned Lords of that Houſe, many of whom I know to be vers'd in all Sorts of Polite Learning, ſuffer'd the Miſtakes to paſs current there; yet the Impreſſion is the Rock upon which all falſe Facts and ſuperficial Knowledge muſt infallibly ſplit. He tells us, 'That during the Triumvirate of *Pompey*, *Craſſus*, and *Sylla*, ——I ſuppoſe, by a Miſtake of the Printers, *Sylla* is written for *Cæſar*—— Well then, during this Triumvirate, which is called the Firſt, 'One *Diphilus*, a Poet, had wrote a Play, wherein *Pompey* 'was particularly mark'd out. *Pompey*, at that Time, 'was as well known by the Name of *Magnus*, as of '*Pompey*; and in a Speech of the Play, where the 'bad Meaſures of the Times were exploded, it con'cluded with theſe Words, *Miſeriâ noſtrâ Tu es 'Magnus*: Upon which the Audience gave an uni'verſal Clap of Applauſe, and was ſo ſtruck with the 'Wit and Force of the Expreſſion, that, *Cicero* ſays, 'they made the Actor repeat it a Hundred Times.'

Thus far the Noble Lord—— Who would not be ſurprized now, if a Fact ſo circumſtantiated as this ſhould happen not to be true; and yet a Man need look no further than *Tully's* Letters to *Atticus*, to diſapprove the greateſt Part of it. One *Diphilus* a Poet, ſays my Noble Lord? In what *German* Diſſertation did he find that? Or is it hid ſomewhere in the King's Library? There was, indeed, one *Diphilus* a *Greek* Poet, from whom *Plautus* and *Terence* borrowed, the one his *Commorientes*, a loſt Play, and the other his *Adelphi*.—But this is not the Play from whence this Speech is taken. His Lordſhip ſaw *Diphilus Tragœdus* in *Tully*, and he took him to be a Tragick Writer; juſt as if he had miſtaken honeſt *Booth* for *Shakeſpear*.

Diphilus, then, was only a poor ſtrutting Player, and the Play he acted was not made againſt *Pompey*, but many, many Years before. It is thought to have been a Play of *Cæcilius* or *Accius*; the Criticks are not agreed which. And it muſt have been a very extraordinary Degree of Vatication, that ſhould make either of them write againſt *Pompey the Great*. You ſee then, the Poet ſunk into an Actor, and the Play not written againſt *Pompey*, but long before *Pompey* was thought of.

Now as to the Wit and Force of the Expreſſion, *Tully* ſays nothing of that; the only Beauty of it lay in the Application, which was indeed very pat, and the whole Speech did ſo exactly delineate the then preſent Times, that the Audience encor'd it a hundred Times over. This is the Truth of the Matter. Another Piece of Learning of his own Free Gift is, that *Pompey* was preſent; but the beſt Criticks aſſure us he was not, but was then at *Capua*, and *Cæſar* writ him Word of it. But did *Pompey* reſent the Satyr, ſays he, or the People's Applauſe——I anſwer, no truly: The Satyr, as I have proved, lay only in the Application, it was not invented on Purpoſe; and the People of *Rome*, I humbly apprehend to have been his Lords and Maſters; and the kicking Scheme was not then in faſhion from Subjects to their Superiors. The Noble Peer muſt ſurely remember, that it was *Majeſtas Populi*; and to find Fault with what pleaſed the People might, for aught I know, be little leſs than High-Treaſon. The People diſpoſed of all Offices——

Judice quem noſti Populo, qui ſtultus honores
Sæpe dat indigni's. Hor.

Vobis *ſervire & poſſumus & debemus*, ſaid *Craſſus* the Orator, in a Speech to the People. One Way, indeed, *Pompey* might have reſented it, by ſending Troops in amongſt them, and *Tully* frequently expreſſes his Fears of it, that this very Uſage of him, which our Author recommends as ſo ſalutary, would make him *vuere*; that is, come to Violence: But that would have diſſolved the Government at once, and brought in again the Times of *Marius* and *Sylla*. For whatever high Opinion this Writer may have of a *Triumvir*, it was, in Truth, a wicked and tyrannical Uſurpation, and no legal Place, but a Combination againſt the Laws and Liberties of their Country. Juſt ſuch a Thing as our modern Committee of Safety would be, if they could take away the Power from King, Lords, and Commons, and confer it upon themſelves.

His Lordſhip ſays, that from that Time, *Pompey* alter'd his Meaſures, and became Popular. But pray let us know, what the Word Popular meant at that Time. *Pompey*, *Craſſus*, and *Cæſar*, were then called the Popular Party, and their Agent for managing the Rabble was the famous *Clodius*. —— *Clodius* was at the Head of a furious, hair-brain'd Mob, made up of falſe Patriots, great Aſſertors of Liberty, and great Infringers of it. The worthy Gentlemen that compoſed this Political Band; theſe vagabond Stateſmen, that went about with Brick-Bats, and Quarter-Staves, were the Dregs and Scum of the People; lawleſs, noiſy, riotous Diſturbers of the publick Peace; to modernize it a little, Incendiaries, Gin-drinkers, and Cuſtom-ſtealers: whom theſe Triumvirs flatter'd with a Reſumption of Grants, and Largeſſes out of the Publick Treaſury. *Fœx illa Urbana hirudo ærarii*, ſays *Tully*, and when the Country Tribes came in, they were far from having a Majority; nay, many of theſe People had no Votes at all, but made more noiſe than thoſe that had. Now juſt about the time that *Tully* is ſpeaking of in this very Letter, from whence the Noble Peer has fetch'd this Inundation of Learning, the Pretences of the Popular Party began to be found out, and that they really aſpired at Tyranny. So *Tully* ſays, nothing was grown ſo unpopular, as the popular Party; and *Bibulus* who was *Cæſar's* Collegue, and conſtant Opponent, was cry'd up to the Skies. Thus therefore *Pompey* was grown Unpopular, becauſe his falſe Popularity was detected. But did he mend upon this, as the Noble Lord ſays? No. ——— Very ſoon after, to gratify this licentious Popular Party, he did the moſt unpopular, and baſeſt Thing that could be: He betray'd to this raſcally Mob, even *Cicero* himſelf, his beſt and faſteſt Friend, the moſt eloquent Miniſter, and wiſeſt Stateſman, that *Rome* ever bred, to whom his Country ow'd not only her Safety, but the very Buildings and the Stones of her Streets. And how long did he continue to be thus wonderfully Popular? ——— Why till the popular Party deſign'd to take away his own Life. Then, indeed, not at the Inſtigations of Poet *Diphilus*; but in a juſt Concern for his own Safety, he turn'd about, and became truly Popular; he gratify'd all good and honeſt Men, and *Tully* was borne back again from Baniſhment upon the Shoulders of all *Italy*.

And thus I think, I have made out my Point, that this Noble Lord is a little unfortunate in his Learning; and the very Stroke he concludes with is as little founded in Hiſtory, as the reſt. ——— He ſays, the reſtraining Licentiouſneſs, was the Ruin of the *Roman* Liberties: ——— He muſt know the contrary, and that it was *Julius Cæſar's* encouraging all Sorts of Licentiouſneſs, that was the Deſtruction of the Republick. All the indebted, the bankrupt, the vicious Part of the Nobility and Gentry flock'd to his Standard. His Party was compoſed of old *Catilinarians*, of *Clodius's* Rabble, and ſuch of the Spendthrift Patricians, as he by his Profuſions had attach'd to him; whoſe Eſtates, as he told them himſelf frankly, could never be clear'd but by a Spunge, or a Civil War. Theſe with the help of two neceſſitous Tribunes, a Veteran Army, and unexpected Succeſs, put an End to all true Patriots among them, and virtuous Patriotiſm; and gave the Popular Party an Opportunity, they long had wanted, of ruining themſelves as well as others, thereby to eſtabliſh a perfect and laſting Tyranny.

As to his Story, that *Moliere* meant the Archbiſhop of *Paris* by *Tartuff*: ——— I proteſt I find no ſuch thing in *Moliere's* Life, the Words of the Prince of *Conde* are, *They have abuſed Heaven and Religion, which thoſe Gentlemen don't care a Farthing for, and you have abuſed Hypocrites.* ——— And if it ſhould be in any of the *Paris* Editions, every Body knows, the Life of *Moliere* is a Book of no Reputation.

As to his Concern about the Cuckolds and Miſers of the City, I ſhall not meddle with it; nor his Anecdotes at the Beginning; it is ſufficient, that I have ſet the Reader right in all things relating to Hiſtory, and I have done it, I hope, without any aſperity of Style; or want of due Reſpect to him.

From the London Gazette.

Petersburg, June 18.

THE laſt Advices this Court has received from Velt Marſhal Count Munich, are of the 4th Inſtant from the Banks of the River Inglier, which is about 70 Verſts from the River Bog. His Excellency informs her Czariſh Majeſty, that in paſſing through that Country, he had found every Day little Rivers that diſcharge themſelves into the Nieper; that there was great Plenty of Graſs for his Cavalry; that Beef was ſold in his Camp at a Copick and a Half (which is not one Penny here) a Pound; that he was continuing his March for Oczakow, where he hoped ſoon to arrive, not having heard that the Turks were making any Preparations to oppoſe his Deſign. A Courier is alſo arrived from Velt Marſhal Laſcy, but the Contents of the Diſpatches are not made publick.

Hague, July 25, *N. S.* The States of Holland ſeparated on Saturday laſt. Before they broke up, they nominated M. de Dieu, formerly Miniſter of the States General at Moſcow, to be one of the Commiſſioners for treating at Antwerp about ſettling Commerce with the Auſtrian Netherlands. M. Aſſendelf, Reſident at Bruſſels, is to be the ſecond, and M. Viſvliet of Zealand, the third. Their Appointments are not yet ſettled, nor the Time of their Departure.

IRELAND.

Londonderry, July 1. This Day, being the Anniverſary of a famous Victory obtained at the Battle of the Boyne, by his late Majeſty King William of glorious Memory, ſeveral Aldermen and Burgeſſes of this Corporation, and other Gentlemen of the City, met together at the Houſe of Mr. Matthew Leeſon, to commemorate the ſame; when the Glorious Memory, their Majeſties, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, and the reſt of the Royal Iſſue, the Proteſtant Intereſt, and Proſperity to this City, remarkable in two memorable Sieges for its ſteady Attachment to that Intereſt, were drank in Bumpers, to each of which was added, the Glorious Memory; and the Night concluded with ringing of Bells, Bonfires, &c.

Cork, July 1. This Day there was a Water Club at a Place call'd Arboulan, an Iſland within 7 Miles of this City, where they were honour'd by the Preſence of his Excellency Henry Boyle, Eſq; one of the Lords Juſtices and Speaker to the Hon. Houſe of Commons; he was attended by 25 large Pleaſure Boats, and a great Number of the Top Gentlemen of the Country. He lies this Night at our Recorder's, Six Miles off; his Excellency is expected here Tomorrow, where great Preparations are making for his Reception, the Mayor, Sheriffs, and Corporation, are to meet him near the Town, and afterwards entertain him at the Council Chamber.

Our Harveſt is pretty forward, but we are in much want of Rain.

Monaghan, June 27. Laſt Friday the Provoſt and Burgeſſes of this Town met to elect a Provoſt for the enſuing Year, when Mr. Freeman Murray, Son to Lieutenant Colonel Murray, was unanimouſly choſen.

The great Drought has, in many Parts here, made the Crop have but a very indifferent Aſpect, as alſo up and a great Part of underland Meadows.

We are greatly peſter'd here with Norway Rats.

Longford, June 27. What occurs at preſent is the mighty Drought, univerſally complain'd of; and the

Arrival

Arrival of Sir Arthur Newcomen with his new-married Lady, and a numerous Retinue of Ladies and Gentlemen.

Bandon, June 28. Friday laſt being the Day of Election for a Provoſt for this Town, the Candidates were Mr. Daniel Conner, Mr. John Stanners, and Mr. Robert Sealy; the latter was choſen by a Majority of Voices: Same Day he gave a very elegant Entertainment to the Free Maſons of this Town, who made a very handſome Proceſſion, in their proper Habits, with a Set of Muſick playing before them, to Church, where there was a Sermon preached by the Rev. Mr. Fryde.

Roſcommon, June 29. The Harveſt as to Bear is pretty forward, but the Oats in general will ſcarce be worth Reaping. On all the Lands in the Barony of Athlone, the Sheep have nothing to keep them alive but drinking of Water, being moſtly fed with Hay.

Athlone, June 28. A young Woman in this Town was the other Day delivered of a Filia Populi, by an eminent Phyſician Dr. Macdermot: The Child had a Mouth like a Bream, a Noſe like a Hare, and Ears like a young Pig: The young Woman was very hearty for ſome few Hours after her Delivery, but afterwards died. She was eight Days in Labour, and 'tis reported that 'twas by her Step-Father ſhe was with Child.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, July 15. Wind E. N. E. Remain the Hanover Alliance, Major, for ——; and the Thomaſin, Page, for Orders. Arrived the Roſe, Morriſon, from Trapani; and the Lisbon Galley, Blackabee, from Lisbon.

Deal, July 16. Wind N. E. Remain the Hanover Alliance, Major; the Thomaſin, Page; the Roſe, Morriſon; the Samuel and James, Orrack, from Boſton, all for Orders. Arrived the Delawar, Cleveland from Turky.

LONDON.

Friday next is appointed for the Election of a Clerk to the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax for this City, in the room of Thomas Jackſon, Eſq; deceaſed, when, 'tis thought, Miles Man, Eſq; who ſucceeds him in the Office of Town Clerk, will be unanimouſly choſen his Succeſſor in this Office.

Yeſterday their Majeſties, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, and the Princeſſes Amelia and Caroline, dined in Publick at Hampton Court before a numerous Crowd of Spectators.

We hear that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Brigadier Peter Campbell, to be Conſtable of St. Brival's Caſtle, in the room of James Earl of Berkeley, deceaſed.

On Saturday Night laſt died Mrs. Smith, Wife of ——— Smith, Eſq; at his Houſe in Privy Garden.

On Monday laſt three Horſes ſtarted at Durham for the Purſe of 50 Guineas, which was won by Mr. Lodge's Roan Mare, Miſs Layton.

On Tueſday 7 ſtarted for the Purſe of 30 Guineas, and was won by Mr. Thornbourg's Bay Horſe, Dainty Davie.

On Friday laſt the Court of Directors of the South Sea Company choſe Mr. George Woolley, Deputy Caſhire.

And Mr. James Goſling was choſe Clerk to the Committee of Treaſury, in the room of Mr. Woolley.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales has appointed Mr. Cæſar Hawkins of Pall-Mall, to be Surgeon to his Highneſs, in the room of Mr. Stevens, deceaſed.

This Morning the Lord Chief Juſtice Willes, and Mr. Juſtice Comyns, ſet out for the Oxford Circuit, the Aſſizes beginning at Abingdon in Berkſhire, this Day.

As does alſo the Lord Chief Baron Reynolds, and Mr. Baron Thomſon, for the Home Circuit, the Aſſizes beginning at Hertford this Day.

As does likewiſe Mr. Juſtice Page, and Mr. Juſtice Forteſcue Aland, for the Weſtern Circuit, the Aſſizes, beginning at Wincheſter To-morrow.

As alſo Mr. Juſtice Denton, and Mr. Baron Carter, for the Midland Circuit, the Aſſizes beginning at Northampton To-morrow.

And in a Day or two Mr. Baron Forteſcue, and Mr. Juſtice Chappell, ſet out for the Northern Circuit, the Aſſizes beginning at York on Monday next.

Laſt Saturday the Hon. Alexander Hume Campbell, Eſq; Second Son to the Earl of Marchmont, and Member of Parliament for the Shire of Berwick in Scotland, was married to Miſs Parris, an agreeable young Lady, with a Fortune of 20000 l.

A few Days ſince, the Rev. Mr. Paul Batchellor, M. A. Rector of Pulborough, in the County of Suſſex, and Dioceſe of Chicheſter, was inducted into the Vicarage of Storrington, in the ſame County and Dioceſe.

The Right Rev. the Lord Biſhop of Wincheſter, intending to viſit his Dioceſe this Summer, has appointed the following Days and Places for a General Confirmation, in the Archdeaconry of Wincheſter; viz.

At Odiham, Wedneſday, Auguſt 31.
At Petersfield, Friday, September 2.
At Baſingſtoke, Monday 5.
At Whitchurch, Tueſday 6.
At Kingſclere, Wedneſday 7.
At Andover, Thurſday 8.
At Stockbridge, Saturday 10.
At Biſhop's-Waltham, Monday 12.
At Goſport, Tueſday 13.
At Portſmouth, Wedneſday 14.
At Fareham, Thurſday 15.
At Havant, Friday 16.
At Southampton, Monday 19.
At Ringwood, Tueſday 20.
At Chriſt-Church, Wedneſday 21.
At Lymington, Thurſday 22.
At Rumſey, Friday 23.
At Alreſford, Monday 26.

At Wincheſter Cathedral, and at Alton, on Wedneſday the 28th.

On Thurſday next will be held the Annual Feaſt of the Governors of St. Bartholomew's Hoſpital, and likewiſe Election-Day for chuſing all their Officers. The following Gentlemen are Stewards; viz.

James Clithow, Eſq;	Mr. John Kellaway,
Andrew Hopegood, Eſq;	Mr. John Hughes,
Edward Buckley, Eſq;	Mr. Reuben Melmoth,
Francis Aſty, Eſq;	Mr. Henry Overton,
John Bodicot, Eſq;	Mr. William Innys.
Mr. John Colt,	

Yeſterday Morning died, at his Lodgings at Hampſtead, John Fielding, Eſq; a young Gentleman of a plentiful Eſtate in the County of Wilts.

BANKRUPTS.

John Davies, of the Pariſh of St. Martin's in the Fields, in the Liberty of Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, Woodmonger and Chapman.

Elizabeth Webb, late of Plymouth, in the County of Devon, Grocer.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	3 16	Evening	3 34

Bank Stock 144 3-4ths. India 180 3-4ths. South Sea 103. Old Annuity 110 1-8th to 1-4th. New ditto 112. Three per Cent. 106 3-4ths. Emperor's Loan 113. Royal Aſſurance 111 1-half. London Aſſurance 14 3-4ths to 7-8ths. African 14. New India Bonds 6 l. 18 s. Premium. Old ditto 6 l. 15 s. to 16 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 4 l. 8 s. to 10 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 7 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Prem. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 11 s. Welſh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Premium. Three per Cent. ditto 3 per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 122. Lottery Tickets 9 l. 19 s.

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Who can tread ſure on the ſmooth ſlippery Way?
Pleas'd with the Paſſage, we ſlide ſwiftly on;
And ſee the Dangers which we cannot ſhun. DRYDEN.

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The only true Specifick Chymical LIQUOR,

For Diſſolving *and bringing away the* Stone, *whether in the* Kidneys, Ureters *or* Bladder; *and for inſtantly curing the* Strangury, *and all Heat, Pain, Stoppage, or Difficulty in making Water.*

THE very firſt Doſe of it gives perfect Eaſe in a Moment, even in the moſt racking Fit of either STONE or GRAVEL, and at once entirely frees the Patient from the STRANGURY, and all Heat, Pain and Stoppage of Urine; it dilates the Ureters, makes them ſlippery, that the Crumblings of large Stones, together with Sand and Gravel, may paſs freely from the Reins, and be voided viſibly with Urine without Pain; effectually cleanſes the Kidneys, Bladder, and all Urinary Paſſages from gritty calculous Matter; heals all internal Excoriations or Soreneſs of the Parts, directly takes off all Pain in the Back, and thoſe Pains ſo much like the Cholick, and may be depended upon to diſſolve large Stones, ſo as infallibly to cure that moſt miſerable Diſtemper.

It gives ſuch ſudden and unſpeakable Relief, that whoever takes but one Doſe of it, will be thoroughly convinced of its ſurpriſing Efficacy, which many Hundreds have happily experienced to their infinite Satisfaction.

It is ſuch an agreeable Diuretick and powerful Diſſolvent, that it infallibly prevents the Stone in thoſe who are troubled with Gravel only; and for the perfect Cure of either Stone or Gravel, and all Diſorders of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, occaſioned thereby, is the only true Specifick Remedy that can be ſurely and ſafely rely'd upon, as it gives inſtant Eaſe as ſoon as taken, (even when nothing elſe will) and infallibly accompliſhes a perfect Cure without the leaſt Trouble, being pleaſant to the Palate, agreeable to the Stomach, and comforting to the whole Body. It is to be had only at Jacob's Coffee houſe againſt the Angel and Crown Tavern in Broad-ſtreet, behind the Royal Exchange, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions at large.

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